CAROLINA WILHELMINA (SETTERBERG) JOHNSON ANDERSON

(Written text and photographs provided by Dennis Lyle Krause and William John Krause II). Carolina Wilhelmina Setterberg (Lilla Moster = the dear Auntie) was born on August 7, 1828, in the parish of Vadstenabena about a twelve miles north of Rok, Sweden. Carolina Wilhelmina Setterberg left Sweden to come to America on October 28, 1868, at 40 years of age. She didn't marry until she came to America; however, in the Göteborg Church records a cross is marked next to her name, which indicates a child that died. She had a daughter, Clara Gustava, who lived a month. Clara was born in April and died on May 12, 1860. Except for a few years in Karlstad, Carolina Setterberg lived almost a dozen years in Göteborg. Little is known of Carolina during her initial years in America from 1868 when she arrived through 1873. On November 3, 1875, Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson is documented as being married to Charles Johnson in Duluth, Minnesota. Both are listed as being from Carlton County which is to the immediate south of Duluth in St Louis County, Minnesota. In the 1880 U.S. census for Minnesota, her name was shown to be Carolina Johnson. A notation on the back of her picture at Upsala Lutheran Church, Richwood Township Minnesota, identifies her first husband as Charles Johnson. The next record of Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson occurs in the records of the Upsala Lutheran Church of Richwood Township in 1876 as a registered member in good standing of this particular church. In the 1885 Minnesota census she was identified as Carolina W. Anderson, widow of Andrew Anderson. Andrew Anderson was a Civil War Veteran who was discharged on July 8, 1862 after 9 months of service. Andrew Anderson and Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson were married on January 18, 1881, in Becker County, Minnesota. They lived on a small farm in Section 28 of Richwood Township, in Becker County Minnesota. Upsala Church Cemetery records document that Andrew Anderson was born in March of 1820 and died in November of 1884. Following Andrew Anderson's death, Carolina was left alone to work the farm. In 1885, Amanda Christina Nilssdotter/Johannesson/Nelson, americanized to Amanda Nelson joined Carolina on the farm. In 1888 Axel Nilsson, americanized to Axel Nelson, arrived at the farm followed by Anders Gustaf Nilsson, americanized to Gust Nelson, in 1889. Then in 1890 the rest of the Johannesson family: Nils Oster, Maria Mathilda, Anna Katarina and Maria Elizabeth, all joined Carolina on this farm. Carolina Anderson's farm was the final destination of the entire Johannesson family's immigration to America. While at this farm Amanda Christina married Andrew Anderson in 1885 and they had their first child, Gustaf Adolph Nelson, in 1886; then Albin Nelson in 1890; and Hilda V. Nelson in 1893. After these three children were born the family of Andrew and Amanda Christina (Johannesson/Nelson) Nelson left the farm and moved to Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. Here they bought a house near the railroad depot. Axel and Gust, their two sisters and their parents stayed on at the Anderson farm to operate it with their aunt, Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson. Carolina had a very outgoing, generous personality with a good sense of humor. She was often kidded about being very hard on men as two of her husbands had passed away. She would only laugh and say that perhaps she was - and maybe she needed a third husband to look after now. In the 1920's Amanda Nelson, her sons and daughters, went to Duluth, Minnesota, for the probate of a will involving the estate of Charles Johnson because it was believed that he might have left something for Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson (Lilla Moster). No inheritance was forthcoming. As to the sale of the farm to Gust and Axel Nilsson, a deed mentions a purchase price of $5,000. A family story was told many times that they were supposed to take care of Carolina in her old age in exchange for working and taking care of her farm. After their father (Nils Oster) died, the two Nilsson brothers took their mother (Maria Mathilda) with them to Coleharbor, North Dakota, and homesteaded. Carolina either stayed in town or with her niece Amanda Christina Nelson, as she got older. She survived on a small government pension that she had because her second husband (Andrew Anderson) was a Civil War Veteran. Eventually, she had enough of Gust’s and Axel’s delay in carrying out the promise they made and threatened to take the farm back. With that news, the brothers rushed back from North Dakota to smooth things over. The sale may have been a phony transaction and little or no cash money changed hands. It wasn't long before she was in a church-related nursing home in Alexandria, Douglas County, Minnesota. It is believed that because Carolina was a registered church member (since 1876) in good standing, who was held in high esteem by the congregation of Upsala Church, that the congregation itself helped defray some of the costs for her upkeep at Bethany House in Alexandria, Minnesota. Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson died on May 15, 1925, at the age of 97 years at Bethany House in Alexandria, Minnesota.
She was buried in the Upsala Lutheran Church cemetery in Richwood Township, Minnesota. Carolina's grave is unmarked and positioned next to her second husband Andrew Anderson (Anders Andersson), who was a founder and leader of the elders of the Upsala Church.

An identification caption beneath the above photograph in the church history book read: Mrs. Anderson "Lilla Enka" (änka) or the dear widow.

The writing on the back of the photograph (above) states: "Lilla Moster" or (the dear Auntie). Carolina Wilhelmina Setterberg - Born 7, August 1828 in Vadstena, Sweden. Married first to Charley Johnson, one of the early settlers; married second to Andrew Anderson, one of the early settlers; Died at Bethany House, Alexandria, Minnesota, at 90 years old. (Photograph courtesy of Amy Skarie and Upsala Lutheran Church).
SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS

632.136.53600 Göteborg och Bohus Göteborgs Gustavi (domkyrkoförsamling) C: 10
Births 1853-1860 0/0 Clara Gustava (daughter of Carolina Zetterberg: birth).
632.144.77000 Göteborg och Bohus Göteborgs Gustavi (domkyrkoförsamling) F: 1
Deaths 1855-1860 0/0 Carolina Vilhelmina Zetterberg (death of child: 5-12-1860).

The sources used to document the birth and death of Carolina Vilhelmina Zetterberg's daughter, Clara Gustava. Clara Gustava lived to be only about a month old. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

Emigrant data on Carolina Vilhelmina Zetterberg who was Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson's sister, and the first emigrant of this family group to come to America. Carolina was born on August 7, 1828, in Vadstena, Sweden. She emigrated to America alone at 40 years of age on October 28, 1868. (Courtesy of the Becker County Historical Society, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota).

The Minnesota State Marriage license between Charles Johnson and Carolina Wilhelmina Setterberg issued in the District Court at Duluth in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November 3, 1875. The bride and groom were residents of Carlton County and the witnesses were A.W. Svenson and Wilhelmina Svenson.
The marriage application, dated January 18, 1881, and marriage certificate, dated January 24, 1881, between Andrew Anderson and Carolina Johnson (Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson).
The Special Schedule of the 1890 Census for Becker County, Minnesota, lists the Union Veterans and Widows of Union Veterans of the Civil War. It documents that Andrew Anderson served as a Army private with 4 Minnesota Infantry (Regiment) of the Union Army, Company A. He enlisted September 26, 1861, and was discharged August 8, 1862, after serving 10 months and 12 days. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).
From: 1890 Census of Becker County, Minnesota, Union Veterans and Widows of Union Veterans of the Civil War. It shows that Andrew Anderson served with 4 Minnesota Infantry (Regiment) of the Union Army, Company A, and entered and left the service as a private. (Film Number: M546 roll 1).

<table>
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<td>11</td>
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<td>1862</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Carolin W widower of Andrew Anderson</td>
<td>4 Minn vol 12</td>
<td>Detroit Becker Co Minn</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

From: Special Schedules of the Eleventh Census (1890) Enumerating Union Veterans and Widows of Union Veterans of the Civil War. M 123.118 rolls. Minnesota, Becker County.
Newspaper clippings chronicling the history of the rural Upsala Lutheran Church located in Richwood Township near Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. The newspaper clipping on the left reports that Andrew Anderson was one of the founding members of this church. Although the Detroit Lakes area was primarily settled by Norwegians, Swedes organized in 1871 and built the white-frame Upsala Church in 1881. The church was closed in 1964, but a midsummer service is held each year. (Courtesy of Upsala Lutheran Church).
The United States of America,
TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

This certificate No. 706, Application 3462, of Andrew Anderson, was deposed on November 20, 1880, signed by United States President, Rutherford B. Hayes. (Courtesy of Mary Elizabeth (Bain) Paine McCoy).
A 1890-1892 plot map of Richwood Township in Becker County, Minnesota, shows the property of Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson. The farm was located in Section 28 and is identified as C. Anderson. (Courtesy of the Becker County Historical Society).
A 1904 plot map of Richwood Township in Becker County, Minnesota, showing the property formally owned by Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson. The 80 acre farm located in Section 28 is now identified as AG and A Nelson (Andrew Gustav and Axel Nelson). Note the position of the 160 acre farm of their sister, Amanda Nelson (Amanda Christina (Johannesson/Nelson) Nelson) located in Section 34 located at the bottom center of the plot map. (Courtesy of the Becker County Historical Society).
Record Index
Name: Carolina Anderson  Census Date: Jun 1905
County: Becker  Locality: Richwood
Birth Location: Sweden  Gender: Female
Estimated birth year: abt 1828  Race: White
Father's Birth Location: Sweden  Mother's Birth Location: Sweden
Roll: MNSC_107

Source Information
Record URL: http://search.ancestry.com/cgi-bin/sse.dll?h=52341&db=MNstatecen&indiv=1

The 1905 Minnesota Territorial and State Censuses for Richwood Township in Becker County, Minnesota, lists Carolina Anderson (Carolina Vilhelmina Zetterberg) as well as Nils Johannesson, Marie Johannesson, Gustav Nelson, and Axel Nelson (lines 46-50).
The death certificate of Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson documents that she was the widow of Andrew Anderson and that she was born on August 7, 1879, and died on May 15, 1925, of myocarditis at 97 years, 8 months, and 18 days of age in Alexandria, Minnesota. Burial was at the Upsala Lutheran Church, Richwood Township, next to her second husband, Andrew Anderson.

The final resting place of Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson and her husband, Andrew Anderson, buried side by side in plots 12 and 13 of section D of the Upsala Church Cemetery, Richwood Township, Becker County, Minnesota. Date of photograph: July, 2010.
The exterior of Upsala Lutheran church located in rural Richwood Township. The main entrance to the church (not shown) and vestibule are located under the bell tower. The Sanctuary is shown at the left. The wooden shutters are open; those of the nave (the church itself) are closed. Upsala Lutheran Church was built in 1881; it remains without electricity, running water, or toilets. Date: July 19, 2010.

A photograph of the interior of Upsala Lutheran church showing the Alter and the Sanctuary. The image of Christ was painted by a local artist and church member. The following family members are buried in the graveyard of this church: Nils Oster Johannesson, Andrew Nelson, a baby, and Andrew Anderson and his wife, Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson.

A photograph of the interior of Upsala Lutheran church showing the Alter and the Sanctuary as viewed from the nave. Compare this photograph with the one above that shows the exterior of the Sanctuary. Andrew Anderson was one of the founding members and his wife, Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson, was listed as a member in good standing joining the congregation in 1876 before this church structure was built in 1881.

A photograph from the Sanctuary toward the Narthex showing the Nave interior and pews of Upsala Lutheran Church. The tops of the pew backs had holes drilled in them every two feet which were used to hold candles during services. Gustave Adolph Nelson was confirmed and Hilma Eleanora Nelson was baptized in Upsala Lutheran Church. Other than Carolina, these are the only family member officially recorded in the church records although other family members did attend services at the Upsala Lutheran Church.
NILS OSTER JOHANNESSON

(Written text and photographs provided by William John Krause II and Dennis Lyle Krause). Nils Oster Johansson was born on September 27, 1827, in Sweden. He was the son of Johannes Oster Nilsson (1796-1887) and Catarina (Larsdotter) Nilsson (1805-1864). He was a wheat farmer in the parish of Huggenäs, Värmland, Sweden. Nils Oster Johansson married Maria Mathilda Zetterberg on June 9, 1861, in the parish of Huggenäs. Maria Mathilda Zetterberg was born March 25, 1833, near Valstena, Sweden. Nils Oster and Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johansson had six children: Amanda Christina Nilsdotter/Johannesson born on July 7, 1861, in Värmland, Sweden; Johan Adel Nilsson born March 17, 1864, in Värmland, Sweden; Anders Gustav Nilsson born November 29, 1866, in Värmland, Sweden; Axel Nilsson born January 21, 1869, in Värmland, Sweden; Anna Katarina Nilsdotter/Johannesson born July 27, 1873, in Värmland, Sweden; Mary Elizabeth Nilsdotter/Johannesson born May 28, 1878, in Värmland, Sweden; and Jonathan Nilsson born January 7, 1879, in Värmland, Sweden. The family of Nils Oster and Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson lived periodically on two different farms in southern Sweden, a few miles east of Säffle in the Province of Värmland approximately 225 miles south west of Stockholm. They were farmers and grew wheat in cleared forest areas and raised various farm animals that included hogs and dairy cattle. The wealth of this family grew and wained over the years and at one time Nils Johannesson was considered a prominent landowner, the Swedish equivalent of an English squire. Just prior to their emigration to the United States the family lost their fortune and Sweden was in the midst of a severe economic depression and famine. With the opportunity to join Carolina Wilhelmina (Setterberg) Johnson Anderson, Nils Johannesson's sister-in-law, who was recently widowed in Minnesota and owned a farm outright, the family decided to emigrate to America to recover their fortune. Amanda Christina Johannesson (age 23) was the first to leave in 1885, followed by Axel Nilsson (age 19) on October 12, 1888, followed by Anders Gustav Nilsson (age 23) who left on April 19, 1889. The remainder of the family (Nils Oster Johannesson (age 63), Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson (age 57), Anna Katarina Johannesson (age 17), and Maria Elizabeth Johannesson (age 14) left on September 19, 1890, to join the other members of their family on Carolina Anderson's farm in Richwood Township, Becker County, Minnesota. Nils Oster Johannesson died on February 10, 1907. He was interned in the cemetery at Upsala Lutheran Church in Richwood Township, Becker County, Minnesota. The name on his gravestone is: Nels Johnson. Following the death of her husband, Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson packed her trunks, and loaded the furniture and farm machinery into a railroad box car and moved to Coleharbor, North Dakota, to make her new life with her family on their homesteads. She was living with her son Axel according to the 1910 United States Census of North Dakota. Maria's daughter, Anna Katarina (Nilsdotter/Johannesson/Nelson) had married John Fransen and lived near Coleharbor. The 1914 plot map showed that Axel Nelson's homestead was about one mile from the homestead of his sister, Anna Katarina and brother-in-law, John Fransen, who farmed a 160 acres in section 10 of Victoria Township of McLean County. Maria Mathilda was remembered by her descendants as having the best home cooked foods especially bread, sauces, and of course sugar cookies. Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson/Nelson died January 31, 1914, in Coleharbor, North Dakota. She was interned at the cemetery in Coleharbor Cemetery, North Dakota. The deep affection family members had for Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson/Nelson can be appreciated by the inscription placed on her grave stone which read "She was the sunshine of our lives". Note also that the name on her grave stone is Maria Mathilda Nelson, following the Swedish tradition that she was now living with her son Axel Nilsson (Nelson).

Following The Family Name: Great care must be observed when tracing the initial family members who emigrated from Sweden. Initially the names of the children of Nils Johannesson and Maria Mathilda Setterberg followed Swedish tradition of the time. The sons had the surname Nilsson; the daughters had the surname Nilsdotter. When emigrating to America the daughters initially used the surnames of their of the parents Johannesson, changed at the Port Authority to Johansson, which would later be americanized to Johnson. The son's retained their original surname, Nilsson, which in some cases would be Americanized to Nelson. However, the names Nilsson, Nilson, and Nelson are used interchangeably on official documents as most were recorded phonetically by recorders unfamiliar with the proper spelling of their names. At this time in history the Swedes in Sweden were changing their naming system away from the patronymic system and those emigrating wanted to use "American Names" to be more easily be assimilated into American Society. After a short time in America the three daughters also adapted the surname "Nelson" as did their mother, Maria Mathilda (Zetterberg) Johannesson.
An photograph of Nils Oster and Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson. Place and date of photograph unknown.

A painting of Nils Oster and Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson. Date: Unknown. (Courtesy of John Arvid Fransen)

A photograph of Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson, taken about 1913 near Coleharbor, North Dakota. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).
Information from the port log and other documentation concerning the emigration of the Nils Oster and Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson family from Huggenäs Parish, Sweden, to the United States. Note that Amanda Christina Johannesson (age 23) left first June 19, 1885, with Detroit (Lakes) as the destination; Axel Nilsson (age 19) left on October 12, 1888, with Chicago as the destination; Anders Gustav Nilsson (age 23) left on April 19, 1889, with Detroit (Lakes) as destination; and finally the remainder of the family (Nils Oster Johannesson (age 63), Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson (age 57), Anna Katarina Johannesson (age 17), and Maria Elizabeth Johannesson (age 14 (11)) left on September 19, 1890, with Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota, as the destination. Note the name change at the Port Authority to Johannsson. (Courtesy of the Becker County Historical Society).
A record of Amanda Kristina Johansson leaving Göteborg, Sweden, on the ship Juno, to Hull, England, on June 19, 1885. Her listing is the fifth entry from the top. She was 23 years age and her destination was Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota. Note the surname used: Johansson. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

A record of Amanda Christina Johansson leaving Liverpool, England, on the steamship British Prince, to the port of Philadelphia, USA, on July 5, 1885. Her listing is the second entry from the top. It is believed that she traveled by railroad to Chicago, Illinois, and then on to Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).
A record of Axel Nilsson leaving Göteborg, Sweden, on the ship, Orlando, to Hull, England, on October 11, 1888. His listing is the fourth entry from the top. He was 19 years age and his destination was Chicago, Illinois. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Name</th>
<th>Place of Birth</th>
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<td>Axel Nilsson</td>
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<td>10.</td>
<td>Carl J. Anderson</td>
<td>Skäppore</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Chicago</td>
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A record of Anders Gustav Nilson leaving Göteborg, Sweden, on the ship, Romeo, to Hull, England, on April 18, 1889. His listing is the first entry from the top. He was 23 years age and his destination was Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

<table>
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<th>Age</th>
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<td>Carl E. Anderson</td>
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<td>18</td>
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A record of Nils Johannesson together with wife, Maria Mathilda, and daughters, Anna Katarina, and Maria Elizabeth, leaving Göteborg, Sweden, on the ship, Ariosto, to Hull, England, on Sept 19, 1890. Note on this document the surname used by the family was Johansson. Note that the age of Maria Elizabeth is listed as being 11 although she was 14 years old. Was it because children under 12 traveled at half fare? (Courtesy of Dennis Lyle Krause).

A postcard depicting the ship, Ariosto, leaving Göteborg, Sweden, that Nils Johannesson together with wife, Mary Mathilda, and daughters, Anna Katarina, and Mary Elizabeth, sailed on from Göteborg, Sweden, to Hull, England, on September 19, 1890. The Ariosto was a 2,376 gross ton ship with one funnel, two masts, and a speed of 14.5 knots. It had accommodation for 53-1st, 24-2nd and 1,000-emigrant class passengers. The Ariosto made her maiden voyage from Hull to Göteborg in March 1890 and continued Scandinavian and Baltic voyages until June 1910. When built the Ariosto was the largest North Sea passenger ship on regular service and was fitted with refrigerating machinery and electric lights throughout.
A record of Nils Johansson together with wife, Maria Mathilda, and daughters, Anna Katarina, and Maria Elizabeth, leaving Liverpool, England on the steamship, British Prince, to the Port of Philadelphia, USA, on October 7, 1890. The family is listed as settlers. Their listing is the sixth entry from the top. It is believed that they traveled by railroad to Chicago, Illinois, and then on to Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

**Immigration route:** Based on the data examined it appears that the route of immigration for all members of the Johannesson family was from Göteborg, Sweden, by steamship to Hull, England; then by train to Liverpool, England, on the west coast. From Liverpool, England, they boarded another steamship to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. It is believed that they then traveled by train from Philadelphia to Chicago, Illinois, and then from Chicago to Detroit (Lakes), Minnesota, either by train or coach by way of Minneapolis, Minnesota.

**Notes on the evolution of the family surnames during immigration:** The sons, Anders Gustav and Axel, had Nilsson as their surname in Sweden, as recorded by the Parish minister, and on their travel documents either Nilson or Nilsson was used. After being in America for a time their name gradually changed to Nelson on official documents. The daughters (Amanda Christina, Anne Katarina, Maria Elizabeth), on the other hand, had Nilsdotter as their surname in Sweden, as recorded by the Parish minister. During the voyage to America they used the surname Johansson (not Johannesson) on their travel documents. After their arrival in Minnesota three daughter would adopt the name Nelson as their surname evidently to show a relationship to their brothers and to be more "American" with regard to a family name. Following the death of their father, their mother, Maria Mathilda, would also adopt Nelson as her surname. The name Nils Johannesson (as recorded in the Parish records) would change to Nils Johansson on travel documents and finally to Nels Johnson which is recorded on his gravestone.
A photograph of the British Prince. Nils Johannesson (Johansson) together with wife, Maria Mathilda, and daughters, Anna Katarina, and Maria Elizabeth, left Liverpool, England, on this steamship and traveled to the Port of Philadelphia, USA, on October 7, 1890. Earlier, during July of 1885, their eldest daughter and child, Amanda Christina, traveled on this same steamship from Liverpool to Philadelphia. Date and place the photograph was taken are unknown.
A photograph taken during July of 2005 of Upsala Lutheran Church. This church was founded in 1871 by Swedish immigrants who came to the United States and farmed this region near to what would become the community of Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. The following relatives are interred in the Upsala cemetery: Nils Oster Johannesson, Andrew Nelson, Andrew Anderson, and Carolina Vilhelmina (Zetterberg) Johnson Anderson.

A photograph of Marvin Leslie Carlson standing next to the baptismal font near the alter within Upsala Lutheran Church. Marvin's mother, Hilma Eleanora Nelson, was baptized at Upsala Lutheran Church using this font. Date of photograph: June 28, 1998. (Courtesy of Marvin Leslie Carlson).

A photograph taken in the cemetery behind the Upsala Lutheran Church, Richwood Township, Minnesota. Standing behind the grave stone of Nils Oster Johannesson are: front left, Mary Elizabeth (Bain) Fain/McCoy, and front right, Lorraine Marion (Nelson) Bain. In back left to right are: Marvin Leslie Carlson, William John Krause II, Robert Nelson, and Dennis Lyle Krause. The inscription on the grave stone read: "We will meet again". The name on the gravestone was Nels Johnson. Date: July, 2005.

A photograph taken at the Coleharbor cemetery near Coleharbor, North Dakota. Standing behind the grave stone of Maria Mathilda (Setterberg) Johannesson/Nelson are: front left to right Arvid Fransen and Bernice (Larson) Fransen. In back left to right are: Dennis Lyle Krause, Marvin Leslie Carlson, William John Krause II, and John Arvid Fransen. The inscription on the grave stone read: "She was the sunshine of our lives". Date: July, 2005.