The disastrous fire of 1892 which destroyed Academic Hall instigated a building program at the University during which many of the red brick buildings were erected on the west Campus, known to generations of students as the "Red Campus." Earlier, however, Switzler Hall was constructed in 1870 northwest of old Academic Hall to house the newly created School of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, and is the oldest of the red brick buildings now standing on the campus with the exception of part of the President's House. For many years the Switzler Hall bell signaled the beginning and end of classes and pealed for the victories of Missouri Tiger athletic teams.

Although courses in engineering were offered as early as 1849, and a degree in civil engineering in 1859, it was not until 1877 that the Engineering division was separated from the College of Agriculture. The Engineering Building, west of the Columns, was built during the expansion which followed the fire of 1892. To care for the tremendous growth of the College of Engineering, several large laboratories have been added on the west.

Immediately northeast of Jesse Hall and on the east side of Francis Quadrangle (named for Governor David R. Francis, who urged the Scace Legislature to appropriate funds for the College of Agriculture) is the Engineering Building, which houses the Department of Geology.

The President's House stands on a small terraced plot north of Swallow Hall. Other buildings on the east side of Francis Quadrangle and north of the President's House are Old Chemistry, now used for the College of Agriculture, and which for many years before that housed the School of Business and Public Administration, and which for many years before that housed the School of Law.

East of the main Gateway, joined by a brick and stone archway, are J. H. Neff Hall and Walter Williams Hall, which housed the first school of journalism in the world, founded by Walter Williams in 1908. Symbols of world-wide respect for this school are a pair of stone lions of the Ming dynasty, gift from the government of China; an ancient stone lantern at the northeast corner of Walter Williams Hall, a gift from the American Society of Japan; a stone from St. Paul's Cathedral, London, at the west door of Williams Hall, a gift from the British Empire Press Union; and a stone from the British House of Parliament; a gift from Reuter's.

Other major buildings around the outside perimeter of the West Campus and not fully visible from the Quadrangle include McAlester Hall, to the right of the main entrance, for many years the home of the School of Medicine, but now a classroom building; Parker Hall, at one time the University hospital but now houses Testing and Counseling Services; and the Student Health Service, adjoining Noyes Hospital.

Two residence halls and a cafeteria for 512 men students (Continued on page 6)