

Examining the Effect of the COVID-19 Pandemic on University Students' Life and their Use of Substances: A Pilot Study



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INTRODUCTION

- During the COVID-19 pandemic, many students reported using different kinds of substances to cope with loneliness, depression, anxiety, stress, and all uncertainties.
- The purpose of the study is to examine prevalence of various types of substances, and associations between challenges during the pandemic, physical and mental health, emotional well-being, and substance use.

METHODS

- An ongoing cross-sectional study collecting information regarding student challenges experienced during the pandemic, different types of current substances, and their physical health, mental health, and emotional wellbeing.
- 82 MU students (77% female students, 40% Black/37% White) completed the survey so far.
- Reduction in income, job loss, graduation delays, unable to afford a balanced diet, unpaid rent), different types of current substances (tobacco, alcohol, opioids, and marijuana), and their physical health (exercise), mental health (anxiety and depression), and emotional wellbeing (life satisfaction and COVID-19 phobia).

RESULTS

Table 1: Sample Characteristics (N = 82) Variable Gender		н (%)	t	Opioids (N/Y) (Mean)	Alcohol (Mean)	SNCT (Mean)	SCT (Mean)	Marijuana (Mean)	Binge (Mean)	Sedentary (Mean)	Physical (Mean)
	Female Male	63(77) 19(23)	Depression	7.18 6.21	6.46 7.43	7.15 6.0	7.08 6.54	6.83 7.50	5.63 7.69	2.14 7.46	2.50 7.37
Race			Depression								
	Asian or Pacific Islander	17(21)		0.66	-0.87	0.63	0.32	-0.49	-1.80	-5.06***	-4.62***
	Black or AA Hispanic or Latino	33(40)	Anxiety	6.44 3.57	4.91 6.72	6.26 3.70	6.23 4.18	5.78 6.41	5.96 5.95	1.71 6.35	2.00 6.26
	White (Non-Hispanic)	2(2) 30(37)		2.43*	-1.63	1.95	1.55	-0.50	0.01	-5.13***	-3.06*
Degree	winte (rvoir riispanie)	30(37)	1:6+:-6+:								
_	Undergraduate	28(34)	Life satisfaction	23.0 24.71	22.66 23.85	23.0 25.8	23.19 24.27	23.67 22.45	23.67 23.18	21.86 23.48	20.5 23.57
	Master (MA/MSC)	40(49)		-0.82	-0.73	-1.14	-0.45	0.67	0.28	-0.35	-0.61
	PhD	14(17)	COVID Phobia	15.76 18.00	15.26 16.80	15.4 21.5	15.32 21.45	15.58 17.68	15.07 16.67	16.71 16.09	16.17 16.14
Opioid T	Use			-1.08	-1.19	-3.3**	-3.64**	-1.34	-1.31	0.27	0.01
_	Yes	14(17)	Opioid knowledge			6.67 7.1	6.76 6.45	7.03 5.86	7.59 6.29	5.29 6.85	4.83 6.86
	No	68(83)	Opiola kilowicago								
Alcohol	. Use Yes	47(57)		-0.89	-1.13	-0.32	0.22	1.28	1.67	-0.92	-1.11
	No	35(43)									
Non-combusted tobacco		()	+	Afford (N/Y)	Diet (N/Y)	Market (N/V	Fuel (N/Y)	Rent (N/Y)	Job (N/Y)	Income (N/Y)	Grad delay
	Yes	10(12) 72(88)		Allora (N/1)	Diet (N/1)	IVIAIREL (IV) I	, ruei (14/17	Keilt (N/1)	300 (14/17	Income (N/T)	•
~ .	No	72(88)									(N/Y)
Combus	stible tobacco Yes	11/13\	Depression	6.59 8.30	6.25 8.55	7.23 6.35	7.09 5	7 7.25 6.1	7 6.88 7.53	6.92 7.16	6.8 7.29
	No	11(13) 71(87)		-1.16	-1.89	-0.65	-0.65	0.74	-0.37	-0.21	-0.32
Marijua		()	Anxiety	5.92 6.05	5.62 6.63	6.56 4.05	6.38 2.8	0 6.38 4.4	4 5.83 6.41	5.92 6.00	6.18 5.38
	Yes	22(27)		-0.09	-0.85	2.16*	2.41*	1.36	-0.36	-0.07	0.64
	No	60(73)	Life	25.13 17.80	25.71 18.52	24.48 19.80					24.93 19.50
Binge ea		55/67\									
	Yes No	55(67) 27(33)	satisfaction	3.72***	4.29***	2.22*	1.58	2.81*	2.47*	4.36***	3.03**
Sedentary lifestyle											
	Yes	75(91)	COVID Phobia	15.77 17.30	15.36 17.74	15.56 17.95	5 16.01 17.:	10 16.20 15.9	4 15.83 17.35	15.78 16.74	15.55 17.58
	No	7(9)		-0.99	-1.73	-1.73	-0.53	0.17	-0.73	-0.73	-1.46
Physical		76/003	Opioid	6.69 6.80	6.67 6.81	6.84 6.35				6.67 6.81	6.95 6.17
	Yes No	76(93) 6(7)	· ·								
	110	6(7)	*p<.05, **p<.01,	-0.13	-0.18	0.54	0.02	0.53	0.25	-0.18	0.95

DISCUSSION/CONCLUSION

- Results show there is a significant increase in the use of different substances during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Students faced several challenges during the pandemic that were associated with increased use of substances and mental health problems such as anxiety and depressive symptoms.
- The increase in the use of different substances during the pandemic showed that more alternative coping mechanisms should be put in place to help students when faced with situations that could pose stress to students like the COVID-19 pandemic.

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